Appl. No. 10/780,935

Amdt. dated September 26, 2005

Reply to Office action of June 28, 2005

**REMARKS/ARGUMENTS** 

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5 and 7-20 as set forth in the Amendment B filed March 2, 2005 are

presently pending in the application.

In this amendment, Claims 1, 15 and 20 have been amended.

Claims 2, 3 and 6 were previously canceled without prejudice to filing a continuation

with respect thereto.

Claim 7 has been canceled without prejudice to filing a continuation with respect

thereto.

Claims 4, 5, 6, 1-14, and 16-19 remain unchanged.

Applicant appreciates the Examiner's time spent during the interview on

Wednesday, September 21, 2005. During this interview, independent Claims 1, 15, and

20 were discussed in light of FR 2768018 to Chamoulaud and US 4617198 to Overturf.

No agreement was reached regarding the claims. As set forth below, the Claims as

presented herein are believed to be in condition for allowance. Reconsideration of the

Application and issuance of a Notice of Allowability are respectfully requested.

The description has been amended on page 7 (in the paragraph spanning pages 6

and 7) to correct a typographical error that was not previously noted.

Claims 15, 16 and 18

The Examiner rejected Claims 15, 16 and 18 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being

anticipated by FR 2768018 to Chamoulaud. Claim 15 is a method claim directed to one

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method of producing Applicant's mulch carpet. As currently set forth, Claim 15 provides

that the method "consists of" the steps of (1) providing a rubber base material; (2)

providing a mulch-like material made from shredded rubber tires having the appearance of

natural wood mulch; and (3) bonding the mulch like material to the base material without

the use of glue.

Chamoulaud discloses a multi-step method for making his mat. As set forth at

page 5 of the translation provided by the Examiner, Chamoulaud's method includes (1)

selecting fragments of materials; (2) Impregnating the materials with glue and optionally a

pigment; (3) depositing a waterproof plastic film on a flat plane surface; (4) covering the

film with a non-degradable water-permeable layer; (5) spreading the glue impregnated

materials on the water permeable layer; and (6) drying and activating the glue via

ventilation or heating.

Chamoulaud does not disclose a method that "consists" of Applicant's three steps

as noted above. In fact, because Chamoulaud's method requires the use of glue, it is

substantially different from Applicant's method. Because Chamoulaud does not disclose a

method as set forth in Claim 15, Applicant respectfully asserts that Chamoulaud does not

anticipate the method of Claim 15. Claims 16 and 18 depend from Claim 15 and similarly

are not anticipated by Chamoulaud.

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## Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7-14, 17 and 19

The Examiner rejected Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7-14, 17 and 19 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being obvious over Chamoulaud. Claim 1 is a product claim directed to Applicant's mulch carpet. Claim 1 as now set forth provides that Applicant's mulch carpet is consists of a porous rubber base, an artificial mulch like material having the appearance of natural wood mulch and being made from shredded rubber tires; wherein the mulch material is bonded to the base material without the use of glue and only along a lower surface of the mulch material so that the upper portion of the mulch material remains exposed.

Chamoulaud discloses that his layer upon which the glued particles are deposited is made from a polypropylene and that the glued materials are plastic or glass. More importantly, Chamoulaud only discloses the use of glue to adhere the materials to the polypropylene layer, and that these materials or particles are impregnated with glue.

Because Chamoulaud teaches only that the particles are impregnated with glue and then adhered to the polypropylene layer by activation of the glue, Applicant respectfully asserts that Chamoulaud does not teach or suggest the invention claimed in Claim 1. Claim 1 is thus believed to be allowable over Chamoulaud.

Claims 2, 3, 5, and 8-14 depend from Claim 1 and are similarly believed to be allowable over Chamoulaud.

Claims 17 and 19 depend from Claim 15. Claim 15 is discussed above. Specifically, Chamoulaud does not teach or suggest the method as now set forth in Claim

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15. Claims 17 and 19 incorporate the subject matter of Claim 15 and are thus not made

obvious by Chamoulaud.

Claims 4 and 20

The Examiner rejected Claims 4 and 20 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being

unpatentable over Chamoulaud in view of Overturf. Claim 20 is an independent claim

directed to a method of making Applicant's mulch carpet. Claim 4 depends from Claim 20.

As amended, Claim 20 provides that Appllcant's method "consists of" the steps of

(1) providing a flexible, porous rubber base material; (2) applying a layer of adhesive on

the base material; and (3) applying a layer of mulch-like material on the adhesive to

adhere the mulch material to the base layer. The mulch like material is noted to be made

from shredded rubber tires.

Chamoulaud's method is discussed above. As noted, Chamoulaud's method

includes laying down a water-proof mat upon which the water permeable layer is set and

impregnating the material with glue. Applicant's method as set forth does not include

these steps, and in fact, excludes these steps. Overturf discloses a method of making

roofing material. The method disclosed by Overturf includes (1) providing a strip formed

from a suitable base with an asphalt coating; (2) heating or cooling the strip as necessary

to bring the asphalt coating to a proper temperature; (3) depositing aluminum chips on the

asphalt coating; (4) pressing the chips into the asphalt coating; and (5) blowing excess

chips off the asphalt coating.

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Applicant initially notes that Overturf does not disclose a step of applying a layer of adhesive on the upper surface of the base layer. Rather, the Overturf roofing material appears to use a precoated strip. Further, Applicant respectfully traverses the Examiner's assertion that asphalt is an adhesive.

For at lest the noted reasons, neither Chamoulaud nor Overturf, considered individually or in combination, teach or suggest the method of Claim 20. Claim 20 is thus believed to be in condition for allowance.

Claim 4 depends from Claim 20 and is believed to be allowable for the same reasons set forth above in conjunction with Claim 20.

## Conclusion

In view of the foregoing, Claims 1, 4, 5 and 8-20 are believed to be in condition for allowance. A Notice of Allowability with respect to these claims is thus respectfully requested.

Dated: 9/26/-5

Respectfully Submitted,

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